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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
CHILDREN'S BUREAU

MONTHLY BULLETIN ON SOCIAL STATISTICS

INSTITUTIONAL AND FOSTER-HOME CARE OF DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN IN PENNSYLVANIA

NOVEMBER CHANGES IN RELIEF EXPENDITURES AND CASES

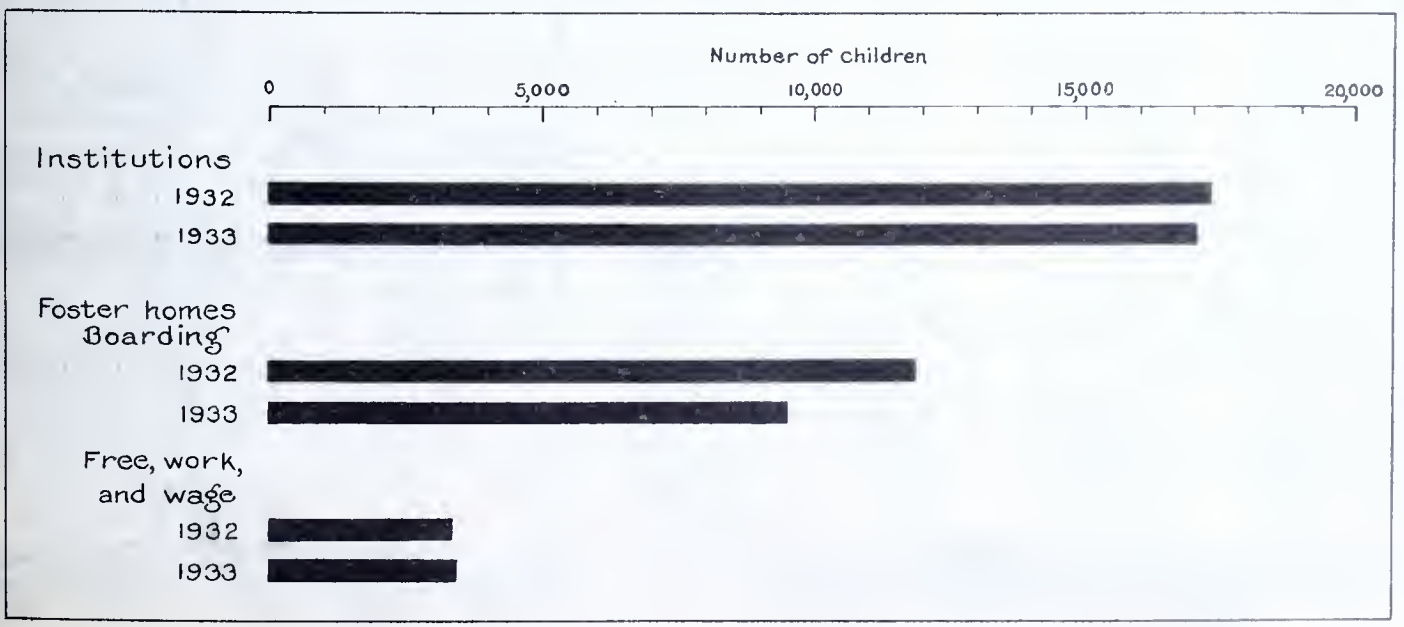
NOVEMBER CHANGES IN THE NUMBER OF MEALS AND LODGINGS PROVIDED TO HOMELESS AND TRANSIENT PERSONS

Institutional and Foster-Home Care of Dependent and Neglected Children in Pennsylvania

The number of dependent and neglected children boarded in family homes in Pennsylvania decreased one fifth between 1932 and 1933, but the number in institutions remained almost unchanged, according to the reports of institutions and child-placing agencies in the census taken on the last day of May of each year by the Pennsylvania State Department of Welfare (chart 1, table 5).

The number of children reported in free foster home was much larger in 1933 than in 1932, but the

Chart 1.--Number of dependent and neglected children in institutions and in foster homes in Pennsylvania on the last day of May in 1932 and in 1933, as shown in the annual census of the State Department of Welfare



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smaller number in work or wage homes kept the total in free, work, and wage homes approximately the same in the 2 years. More children were supervised by child-caring agencies in the homes of parents and relatives in 1933 than in 1932.

The changes from 1932 to 1933 in the number of dependent and neglected children under different types of care in Pennsylvania vary in certain respects from those indicated in the figures for New York, New Jersey, and Ohio presented in recent issues of the bulletin. Data for other States will be presented in future issues.

The Federal census of dependent and neglected children in institutions and foster homes, which is now under way, will provide similar information for all sections of the United States, and also important data on admissions and discharges during 1933 and on the age, sex, race, residence, and source of support of children under care on December 31, 1933.

November Changes in Relief Expenditures and Cases

Relief expenditures continued to increase in November, although less rapidly than in preceding years, according to the reports forwarded to the Children's Bureau by public and private agencies in a group of cities of 50,000 or more population located in all sections of the United States.

(Continued on page 4.)

Chart 2.--Amount expended from public and from private funds for different types of relief in 120 cities and city areas, January 1929-November 1933

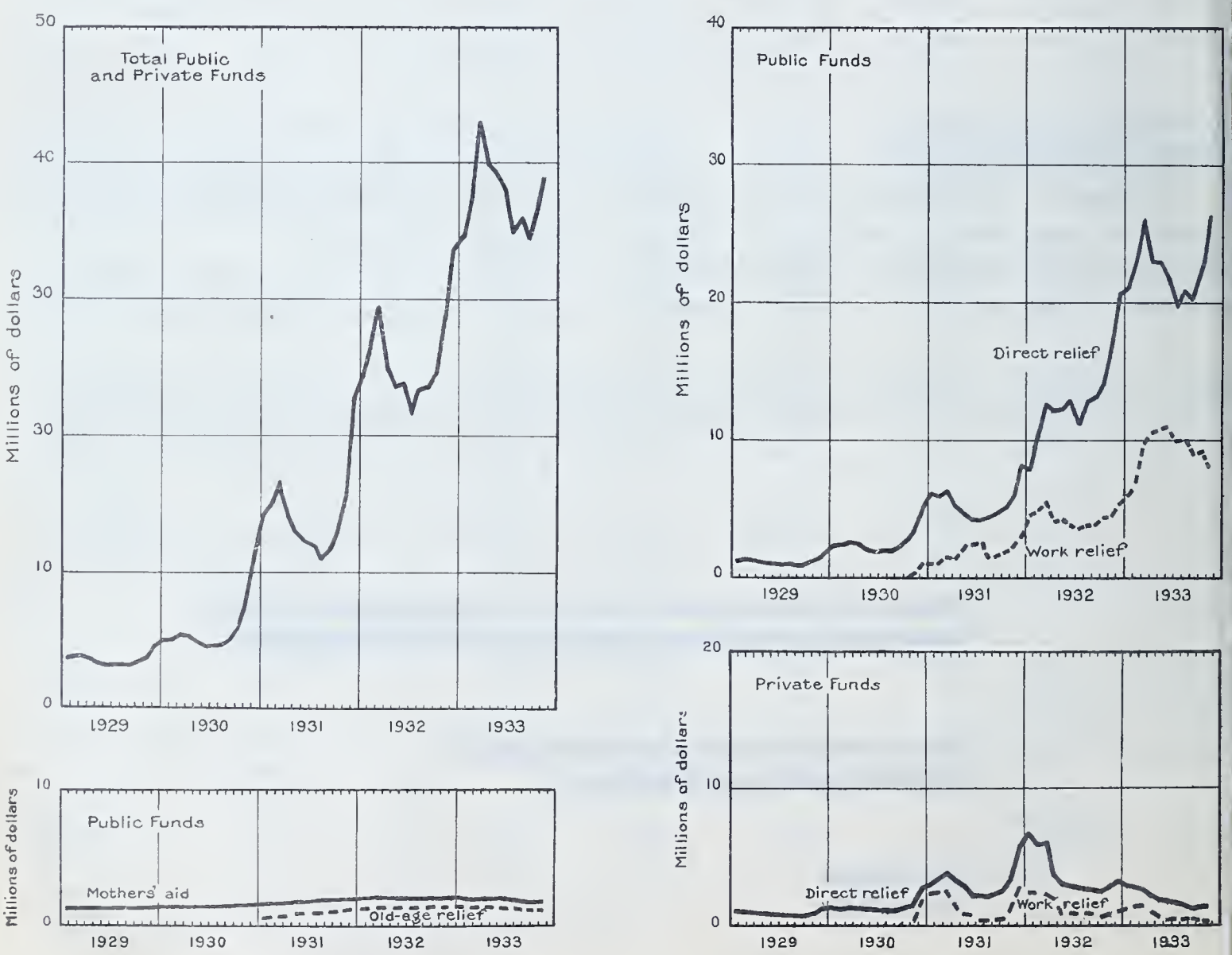


Table 1.--Amount expended for relief from public and from private funds during November 1932, October 1933, and November 1933, as reported by 886 agencies for 112 cities and city areas

Source of funds	November 1932	October 1933	November 1933	Percent change from-- Oct. 1933 to Nov. 1933	Percent change from-- Nov. 1932 to Nov. 1933
	Amount expended				
Total	$26,351,163	$33,932,188	$35,867,029	+5.7	+36.1
Public funds	23,586,418	32,544,316	34,390,905	+5.7	+45.8
Direct and work relief	20,267,084	29,479,590	31,316,444	+6.2	+54.5
Special allowances	3,319,334	3,064,726	3,074,461	+0.3	-7.4
Private funds	2,764,745	1,387,872	1,476,124	+6.4	-46.6
	Percent distribution				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	.....	.....
Public funds	89.5	95.9	95.9	.....	.....
Direct and work relief	76.9	86.9	87.3	.....	.....
Special allowances	12.6	9.0	8.6	.....	.....
Private funds	10.5	4.1	4.1	.....	.....

Table 2.--Amount expended by public and by private agencies for different types of relief during November 1932, October 1933, and November 1933, as reported by 886 agencies for 112 cities and city areas

Administrative agency and type of relief	Agencies reporting	Amount expended: November 1932	October 1933	November 1933	Percent change from-- Oct. 1933 to Nov. 1933	Nov. 1932 to Nov. 1933
Total	886	$26,351,163	$33,932,188	$35,867,029	+5.7	+36.1
Public agencies	425	21,242,481	32,380,987	34,138,195	+5.4	+60.7
Direct relief:						
General relief	143	13,222,987	19,135,858	22,096,188	+15.5	+67.1
Veterans' relief	37	990,994	915,731	1,013,608	+10.7	+2.3
Work relief	69	3,709,166	9,264,672	7,953,938	-14.1	+114.4
Special allowances:						
Mothers' aid	89	1,972,217	1,863,476	1,876,746	+0.7	-4.8
Old-age relief	32	1,215,263	1,067,373	1,063,555	-0.4	-12.5
Aid for the blind	55	131,854	133,877	134,160	+0.2	+1.7
Private agencies	461	5,108,682	1,551,201	1,728,834	+11.5	-66.2
Direct relief:						
General relief by--						
Nonsectarian family agencies	117	2,295,437	835,689	906,382	+8.5	-60.5
Jewish agencies	53	366,426	224,591	243,801	+8.6	-33.5
Catholic agencies	47	344,656	154,644	178,446	+15.4	-48.2
Salvation Army	67	121,246	60,108	87,885	+46.2	-27.5
Other private agencies	81	1,089,928	104,149	110,832	+6.4	-89.8
Veterans' relief	68	59,402	37,184	36,831	-0.9	-38.0
Work relief	28	831,587	134,836	164,657	+22.1	-80.2

(Continued from page 2.)

This year's rise of 5.7 percent between October and November was about one third as rapid as the rise in 1932. In both 1930 and 1931 the increase exceeded 20 percent. In 1929, when relief expenditures were beginning in November to be influenced by unemployment conditions, the rise amounted to nearly 9 percent.

As is shown in the chart and tables, the increase between October and November occurred almost entirely in expenditures for the various types of direct relief from public and private funds. The rapid transfer to Civil Works projects of persons employed previously on work-relief projects caused a reduction in expenditures for work relief from public funds. Expenditures for special allowances remained relatively unchanged.

The increase in November in the number of cases aided through most forms of direct relief was smaller than the increase in the amount expended, with the result that such relief averaged more per case than in the preceding month.

The number of cases aided through work relief increased, although the amount expended decreased. The average expenditure per case was affected also by the provision of such relief during only part of the month to persons securing employment on Civil Works or other projects. Work relief per case was much less in November than has been reported previously.

Mothers' aid, old-age relief, and aid for the blind continued to be provided in approximately the same number of cases. Average relief per case was about the same in November as in preceding months.

Table 3.--Number of cases of families and nonfamily persons aided by public and by private agencies through different types of relief, and average monthly relief per case during November 1932, October 1933, and November 1933, as reported by 726 agencies for 112 cities and city areas

Administrative agency and type of relief	Agencies reporting	November 1932	October 1933	November 1933	Percent change from--- Oct. 1933 to Nov. 1933	Percent change from--- Nov. 1932 to Nov. 1933
		Number of cases aided				
Public agencies:						
Direct relief:						
General relief	97	344,326	576,646	627,059	+8.7	+82.1
Veterans' relief	34	35,136	32,844	34,465	+4.9	-1.9
Work relief	31	62,043	125,388	160,662	+28.1	+159.0
Special allowances:						
Mothers' aid	85	43,868	46,100	46,264	+0.4	+5.5
Old-age relief	31	45,557	45,633	45,537	-0.2	(a)
Aid for the blind	52	5,431	5,567	5,641	+1.3	+3.9
Private agencies:						
Direct relief:						
General relief by--						
Nonsectarian family agencies	101	123,800	38,759	40,266	+3.9	-67.5
Jewish agencies	48	10,652	7,464	7,660	+2.6	-28.1
Catholic agencies	42	16,190	12,539	13,735	+9.5	-15.2
Salvation Army	64	18,967	8,540	10,744	+25.8	-43.4
Other private agencies	64	73,705	11,729	14,031	+19.6	-81.0
Veterans' relief	64	6,743	3,604	3,848	+6.8	-42.9
Work relief	13	15,860	2,777	2,559	-7.9	-83.9
		Average monthly relief per case				
Direct relief	514	$19.10	$21.50	$22.88	.....	.....
Work relief	44	36.39	36.88	26.86	.....	.....
Special allowances:						
Mothers' aid	85	43.38	38.97	39.15	.....	.....
Old-age relief	31	26.02	22.73	22.66	.....	.....
Aid for the blind	52	21.36	20.98	20.78	.....	.....

[a] Less than 0.1 percent.

able 4.--Amount expended for relief during November 1932, October 1933, and November 1933, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 837 agencies for 98 cities and city areas [a]

[Cities and city areas included in this table are those for which reports from public and private agencies are believed to be sufficiently complete for use in determining local trends. Figures are preliminary and subject to revision.]

State and city or city area	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from—		Percent in Nov. 1933 from—			
		November 1932	October 1933	November 1933	October 1933 to November 1933	November 1932 to November 1933	Public funds			Private funds
							Total	Direct and work relief	Special allowances	
Alabama:										
Mobile area	6	$2,787	$53,212	$71,097	+33.6	+2,451.0	100	100	.....	.....
California:										
Los Angeles area	21	897,946	1,970,706	1,970,524	(b)	+119.4	99	85	14	1
Oakland	7	179,882	213,940	223,388	+4.4	+24.2	99	73	26	1
Sacramento area	9	30,694	38,207	35,812	-6.3	+16.7	95	32	64	5
San Diego area	6	78,645	103,218	98,758	-4.3	+25.6	99	76	23	1
Colorado:										
Denver	11	72,026	172,472	189,104	+9.6	+162.5	97	92	6	3
Connecticut:										
Hartford area	13	146,399	135,645	143,488	+5.8	-2.0	76	70	7	24
New Britain	6	59,700	45,700	45,240	-1.0	-24.2	99	91	8	1
New Haven area	13	101,896	82,098	115,829	+41.1	+13.7	86	77	9	14
Delaware:										
Wilmington area	9	148,488	152,188	172,449	+13.3	+16.1	98	93	5	2
District of Columbia:										
Washington	12	126,700	312,642	280,079	-10.2	+121.1	97	92	4	3
Florida:										
Jacksonville area	5	47,645	186,349	185,580	-0.4	+289.5	100	98	2	(c)
Georgia:										
Atlanta area	7	65,778	325,200	420,235	+29.2	+538.9	99	99	.....	1
Illinois:										
Chicago	16	4,364,102	4,119,392	3,825,304	-7.1	-12.3	95	92	3	5
Cicero	5	(d)	41,568	37,009	-11.0	(d)	95	93	3	5
Evanston	6	(d)	64,975	45,214	-30.4	(d)	87	83	4	13
Indiana:										
Evansville area	3	66,710	67,346	80,226	+19.1	+20.3	100	99	1	(c)
Fort Wayne	9	72,990	106,823	94,447	-11.6	+29.4	98	97	1	2
Indianapolis area	9	145,154	159,787	182,889	+14.5	+26.0	93	93	1	7
South Bend	5	83,915	57,254	44,865	-21.6	-46.5	99	93	7	1
Terre Haute	7	15,639	25,250	19,032	-24.6	+21.7	91	87	4	9
Iowa:										
Sioux City	9	33,798	49,278	57,440	+16.6	+70.0	98	90	8	2
Kansas:										
Kansas City	5	33,087	44,204	26,658	-39.7	-19.4	100	100	(c)	.....
Topeka area	7	20,321	47,110	38,526	-18.2	+89.6	81	78	3	19
Wichita	6	19,585	88,500	69,329	-21.7	+254.0	99	96	3	1
Kentucky:										
Louisville	10	80,202	76,838	79,847	+3.9	-0.4	98	88	10	2
Louisiana:										
New Orleans area	9	132,025	403,770	258,418	-36.0	+95.7	99	98	(c)	1
Shreveport	9	16,064	26,508	18,725	-29.4	+16.6	92	89	3	8
Maine:										
Portland	7	27,269	43,795	50,721	+15.8	+86.0	97	94	3	3
Maryland:										
Baltimore	12	422,772	897,420	930,227	+3.7	+120.0	97	94	2	3
Massachusetts:										
Boston	17	1,088,631	1,246,424	1,370,041	+9.9	+25.8	95	79	15	5
Brockton	10	45,698	43,066	46,834	+8.7	+2.5	94	83	11	6
Cambridge	9	90,507	81,580	76,016	-6.8	-16.0	94	73	21	6

Table 4.—Amount expended for relief during November 1932, October 1933, and November 1933, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 837 agencies for 98 cities and city areas[a]—Continued

State and city or city area	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from—		Percent in Nov. 1933 from—			
		November 1932	October 1933	November 1933	October 1933 to November 1933	November 1932 to November 1933	Public funds			Private funds
							Total	Direct and work relief	Special allowances	
Massachusetts—Con.										
Fall River	7	$85,626	$62,083	$65,862	+6.1	-23.1	99	72	27	1
Lawrence	7	30,877	28,154	27,601	-2.0	-10.6	98	63	35	2
Lynn	10	87,293	102,516	100,097	-2.4	+14.7	96	76	20	4
Malden	7	32,039	28,812	40,131	+39.3	+25.3	100	92	8	(c)
New Bedford	7	94,896	74,072	70,927	-4.2	-25.3	98	78	20	2
Newton area	9	27,723	38,414	38,823	+1.1	+40.0	95	76	19	5
Worcester	8	218,338	164,498	179,515	+9.1	-17.8	97	84	13	3
Michigan:										
Detroit area	17	1,194,295	1,563,012	1,953,662	+25.0	+63.6	99	95	5	1
Flint	2	152,916	137,717	177,239	+28.7	+15.9	100	92	8	.....
Grand Rapids	6	(d)	247,412	285,402	(d)	+16.6	100	97	3	(c)
Saginaw	5	45,489	38,173	63,389	+66.1	+39.4	97	80	16	3
Minnesota:										
Minneapolis area	8	274,659	343,106	428,890	+25.0	+56.2	92	81	11	8
St. Paul area	12	180,530	220,573	265,348	+20.3	+47.0	96	88	8	4
Missouri:										
Kansas City	9	87,466	181,239	217,550	+20.0	+148.7	70	65	5	30
Nebraska:										
Omaha area	11	36,040	105,191	159,003	+51.2	+341.2	97	94	4	3
New Jersey:										
Jersey City	3	139,272	159,504	199,743	+25.2	+43.4	100	90	10	.....
Newark	10	318,301	355,736	387,092	+8.8	+21.6	99	83	15	1
Trenton	8	134,193	73,772	71,929	-2.5	-46.4	92	81	11	8
New York:										
Albany	13	65,249	100,635	105,013	+4.4	+60.9	97	84	13	3
Buffalo area	18	940,153	992,254	1,151,106	+16.0	+22.4	97	91	6	3
New Rochelle	8	45,965	71,600	74,695	+4.3	+62.5	100	95	5	(c)
New York	33	6,451,991	9,018,971	9,068,378	+0.5	+40.6	94	79	15	6
Niagara Falls	10	106,428	76,826	88,871	+15.7	-16.5	99	92	7	1
Rochester	11	408,072	451,084	494,984	+9.7	+21.3	99	86	13	1
Syracuse	12	231,924	278,345	303,065	+8.9	+30.7	99	91	7	1
Utica	11	91,253	92,396	108,960	+17.9	+19.4	96	71	26	4
Yonkers	8	178,830	221,961	219,447	-1.1	+22.7	99	91	7	1
North Carolina:										
Asheville	5	12,819	21,797	30,451	+39.7	+137.5	100	99	1	.....
Charlotte	6	15,222	33,187	29,478	-11.2	+93.7	100	99	1	.....
Greensboro	5	7,456	26,795	32,088	+19.8	+330.4	99	99	(c)	1
Winston-Salem	4	8,949	19,519	20,304	+4.0	+126.9	100	100	(c)	.....
Ohio:										
Cincinnati area	15	358,829	605,157	520,910	-13.9	+45.2	96	91	5	4
Cleveland area	9	661,604	954,491	1,068,296	+11.9	+61.5	95	90	5	5
Dayton area	10	115,345	154,727	198,028	+28.0	+71.7	99	94	4	1
Springfield	7	16,129	47,372	57,624	+21.6	+257.3	100	97	3	(c)
Toledo	7	198,533	233,092	328,082	+40.8	+65.3	100	96	3	(c)
Youngstown	9	110,128	186,096	178,092	-4.3	+61.7	98	95	3	2
Oregon:										
Portland	7	327,687	150,851	195,016	+29.3	-40.5	99	95	4	1
Pennsylvania:										
Allentown area	4	61,766	94,495	112,677	+19.2	+82.4	99	95	5	1
Altoona area	6	38,515	57,174	65,442	+14.5	+69.9	100	97	3	(c)
Bethlehem area	4	31,133	32,170	41,711	+29.7	+34.0	94	88	6	6
Chester area	9	92,224	102,274	120,622	+17.9	+30.8	99	94	5	1
Erie area	6	92,942	71,909	84,546	+17.6	-9.0	100	93	7	(c)
Lancaster	7	20,440	24,165	30,544	+26.4	+49.4	99	94	5	1
Philadelphia	9	839,543	1,267,641	1,500,990	+18.4	+78.8	94	91	3	6
Pittsburgh area	13	893,230	1,294,825	1,447,483	+11.8	+62.1	98	94	3	2
Reading area	7	145,451	177,021	179,924	+1.6	+23.7	99	94	5	1
Scranton area	6	(d)	225,331	238,766	+6.0	(d)	98	98	.....	2
Sharon area	9	28,315	35,395	36,888	+4.2	+30.3	88	83	5	12
Wilkes-Barre area	10	173,620	235,167	215,948	-8.2	+24.4	99	94	5	1

Table 4.--Amount expended for relief during November 1932, October 1933, and November 1933, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 837 agencies for 98 cities and city areas[a]--Continued

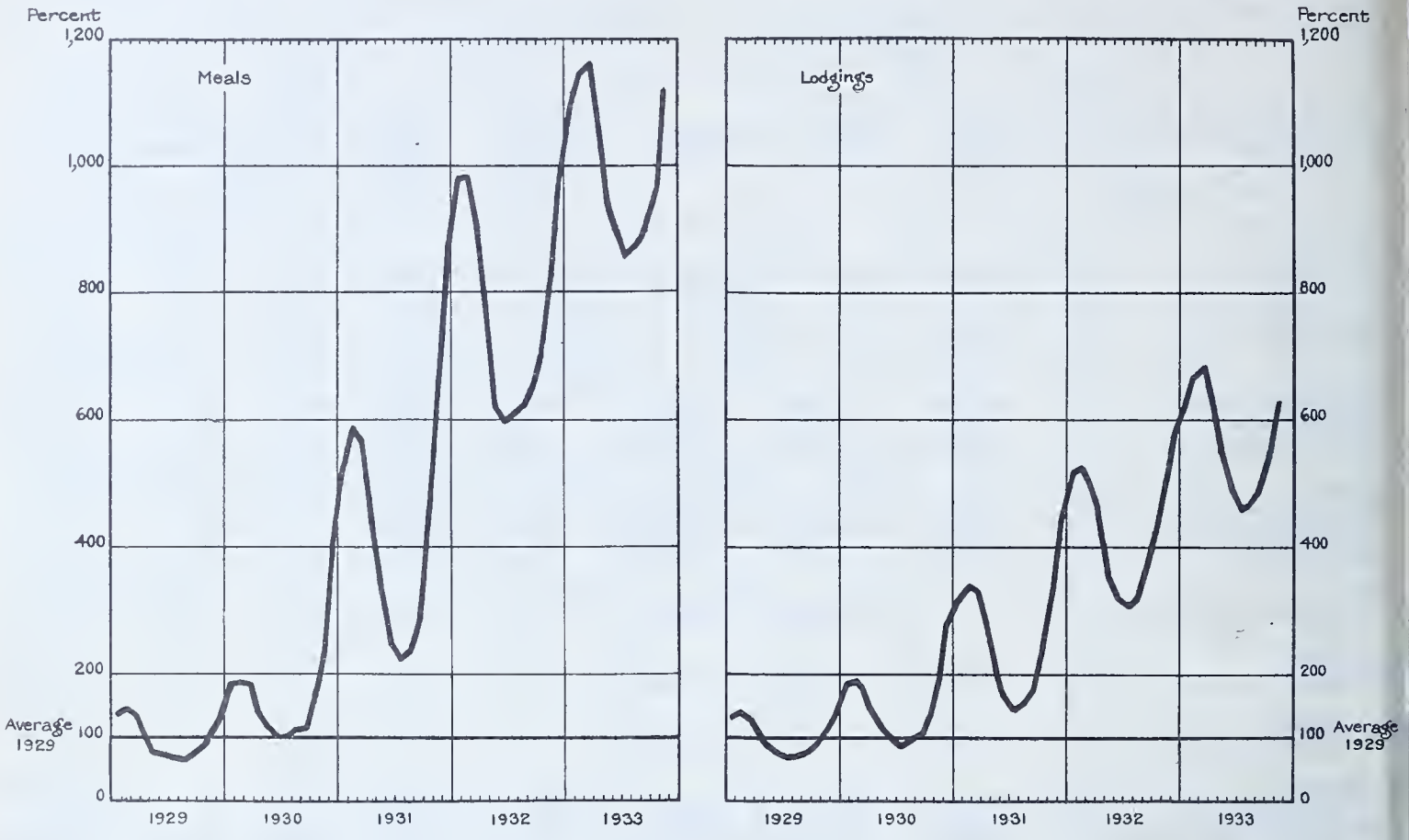
State and city or city area	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from--		Percent in Nov. 1933 from--			
		November 1932	October 1933	November 1933	October 1933 to November 1933	November 1932 to November 1933	Public funds			Private funds
							Total	Direct and work relief	Special allowances	
Rhode Island:										
Providence	10	$166,841	$160,239	$153,411	-4.3	-8.0	91	85	6	9
South Carolina:										
Charleston	5	2,558	6,264	7,421	+18.5	+190.1	89	89	.....	11
Tennessee:										
Knoxville area	6	21,556	31,941	39,110	+22.4	+81.4	100	99	.....	1
Memphis area	6	20,041	80,567	79,265	-1.6	+295.5	95	91	4	5
Nashville area	3	9,889	22,451	24,250	+8.0	+145.2	99	99	.....	1
Texas:										
Dallas area	7	28,184	108,317	168,687	+55.7	+498.5	99	98	1	1
Fort Worth area	3	7,488	55,733	61,442	+10.2	-720.5	99	99	.....	1
Houston area	7	27,045	105,085	166,258	+58.2	+514.7	100	99	1	.....
Utah:										
Salt Lake City area	6	(d)	176,722	136,831	-22.6	(d)	95	91	4	5
Virginia:										
Roanoke	4	4,886	11,388	13,899	+22.0	+184.5	96	96	.....	4
Washington:										
Seattle area	8	277,614	245,112	275,368	+12.3	+0.8	99	96	3	1
Wisconsin:										
Kenosha area	8	110,627	91,216	104,084	+14.1	-5.9	99	91	9	1
Madison area	5	53,348	99,163	102,211	+3.1	+91.6	100	93	6	(c)
Milwaukee area	11	900,165	757,208	810,282	+7.0	-10.0	91	81	10	9
Racine area	7	100,108	100,387	134,135	+33.6	+34.0	100	94	6	(c)
Median	....	.....	.....	.....	+8.9	+36.7	98	92	5	2

[a] Reports from 1 or more agencies in 14 cities are included in the summaries in tables 1 and 2, but the expenditures reported to date are not sufficiently complete for use in determining local trends.
[b] Less than 0.1 percent. [c] Less than 1 percent. [d] Figures not available.

Table 5.--Number of dependent and neglected children under the care of institutions and child-placing agencies in Pennsylvania on the last day of May in 1932 and in 1933, as shown in the annual census of the State Department of Welfare

Type of care	Number of children under care on the last day of May		Percent change from 1932 to 1933	Percent distribution for institutions and foster homes	
	1932	1933		1932	1933
Total	36,104	35,339	-2.1	.....	.....
In institutions and foster homes	32,583	30,068	-7.7	100.0	100.0
Institutions	17,356	17,123	-1.3	53.3	56.9
Foster homes	15,227	12,945	-15.0	46.7	43.1
Free homes	2,389	2,704	+13.2	7.3	9.0
Boarding homes	11,884	9,517	-19.9	36.5	31.7
Work and wage homes	954	724	-24.1	2.9	2.4
In homes of parents and relatives	2,560	4,450	+73.8	.....	.....
With maintenance	1,024	626	-38.9	.....	.....
Without maintenance	1,536	3,824	+149.0	.....	.....
Elsewhere	961	821	-14.6	.....	.....

Chart 3.--Daily average number of meals and lodgings provided to homeless and transient persons in 62 cities and city areas, January 1929-November 1933, as compared with the daily average in 1929



November Change in Meals and Lodgings Provided to Homeless and Transient Persons

The development of more adequate programs for the care of transients has led in a number of localities to the continued provision of meals and lodgings to persons aided previously during only brief periods of time.

This year's increase between October and November of about 16 percent in the number of meals and lodgings provided in the reporting areas to homeless and transient persons was about the same as the percentage change in 1932. In 1929, 1930, and 1931, there was an increase of 30 percent or more between October and November.

Table 6.--Number of meals and lodgings provided to homeless and transient persons during November 1932, October 1933, and November 1933, as reported by 219 agencies for 62 cities and city areas

Type of service provided	November 1932	October 1933	November 1933	Percent change from--	
				Oct. 1933 to Nov. 1933	Nov. 1932 to Nov. 1933
Meals:					
Number provided	1,898,162	2,169,891	2,435,593	.....	.....
Daily average	63,272	69,996	81,186	+16.0	+28.3
Lodgings:					
Number provided	637,650	728,071	813,484	.....	.....
Daily average	21,255	23,486	27,116	+15.5	+27.6

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